

### A COALITION IS ...

A group of persons or groups formed for a common action

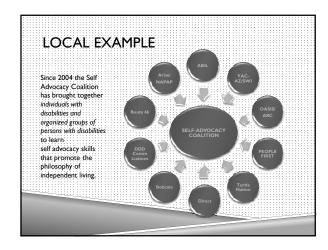
Historically, non-traditional allies to fight a common foe

Not necessarily a special interest group

Powerful by virtue of the variety of members

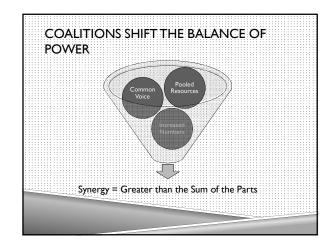


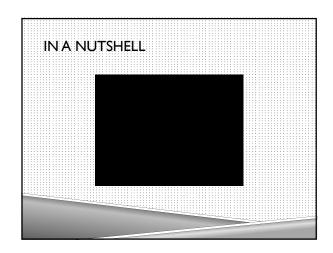
# HISTORY OF COALITION BUILDING • Groups join to improve • Governments • Labor conditions • Health care • Education • Human services • Social justice



# NATIONAL MODEL-TENNESSEE DISABILITY COALITION The Coalition is an alliance of organizations and individuals who have joined to promote the full and equal participation of men, women and children with disabilities in all aspects of life. We work together to advocate for public policy that ensures self-determination, independence, empowerment, and inclusion for people with disabilities in areas such as accessibility education, healthcare, housing, and voting rights.







WHAT DOES A COALITION DO?	
➤ Works as a think tank to brainstorm ideas	
<ul> <li>Members form united front to make progress in social movements</li> </ul>	
► Emphasizes networking	
► Creates opportunities for other groups and subgroups	
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### THE FIRST STEP

- ➤ Clearly identify the issue of concern
- ➤ Indentify Stakeholders (those effected by the issue)
- ➤ Meet to clarify issue put a frame around it
- ➤ Ask the important question---

### WHO ELSE SHOULD WE BETALKING TO?



### **BUILDING YOUR COALITION**

- ► Level one
  - ➤ Who do you want in your group? How would you recruit necessary members?
  - Group size- How big can the group get and still make a difference?
- ► Level two
  - ► Finding accessible locations
  - ► Identifying convenient times

## SPREADING THE WORD

- ➤ Printed copies of flyers
- ► E-mail attachments of flyers
- ▶ People you know
- ▶ Communities where you live and work
- ▶ Phone trees/banks, e-mail and postal mail lists





### **BUILDING THE AGENDA**

- ▶ Topics in order of importance to the majority of the group-
- ➤ Announcements and Call to the Public- outreaching to others
- ➤ Accessibility options listed- being inclusive
- ➤ Open Meeting Law- stay on the right side of the law
- Organizing and running the meetings- making sure that all voices are heard (Robert's Rules of Order or some type of system)
- ➤ Documenting what occurs- take good minutes or tape the event

## WHAT ELSE SHOULD YOU HAVE?

- ➤ Officers: Chair, Vice Chair, Treasurer, Secretary, Parliamentarian, etc.
- ➤ Minutes (Secretary's role)
- ➤ Fund collection and (Treasurer)
- ➤ Fundraisers (the members)



# DO'S OF CREATING AND MAINTAINING A COALITION

- ▶ Exercise fairness and create clear goals and ground rules
- ► As facilitator, check your feelings at the door
- ► As facilitator, remain non-partisan
- ▶ Remember why members joined and what will keep them engaged- the
- common cause

Also, remember that member groups may have differing ideas/goals

- $\blacktriangleright$  Keep looking for others who support your issue
- ▶ Keep a checklist during meetings
- ▶ Get meeting minutes out quickly to all members
- ▶ Do what you say you're going to do



# MORE DO'S OF CREATING AND MAINTAINING A COALITION

- ▶ Establish clear goals that address the issues of the members
- ▶ Engage in activities that are directly related to the issues
- ▶ Make the goals more important than the functions
- ► Explain officer election process clearly
- ▶ Set a standard date/time throughout year
- ► After meetings, thank members for their time
- ► Keep you eyes on the ISSUES

### WHAT FACILITATORS SHOULD NOT DO...

- ► Don't take sides
- ▶ Don't block access to members of the public
- ▶ Don't disregard suggestions/feedback
- ▶ Don't make meetings too short or too long
- ▶ Don't turn people away
- ➤ Avoid conflicts of interest



### FAST FORWARD- FUTURE COALITIONS

- ➤ More diverse
- ▶ Not bound by physical space, accessible
- ► More powerful
- ► Want faster information
- ▶ Quicker results
- ► VIRTUAL, thus
- ▶BIGGER!!





